

题关键词：多元函数极限定义及应用定义证明极限，夹逼定理和极坐标代换求多元函数极限。

题 1：证明下列极限

$$(1) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2 |y|^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4 + y^2} = 0 \quad (2) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^4 + y^4}{x^2 + y^2} = 0 \quad (3) \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} = 0$$

证明：(1) $0 \leq \frac{x^2 |y|^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4 + y^2} = \frac{2x^2 |y|}{x^4 + y^2} \cdot \frac{|y|^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2} \leq \frac{x^4 + y^2}{x^4 + y^2} \cdot \frac{|y|^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2} = \frac{|y|^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2} \rightarrow 0, \quad \{x^4 - 2x^2 |y| + y^2 = (x^2 + y)^2 \geq 0\}$

由夹逼定理知 $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2 |y|^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4 + y^2} = 0$ 。

$$(2) \forall \varepsilon > 0, \quad \left| \frac{x^4 + y^4}{x^2 + y^2} - 0 \right| = \left| \frac{(x^2 + y^2)^2 - 2x^2 y^2}{x^2 + y^2} \right| = \left| (x^2 + y^2) - xy \frac{2xy}{x^2 + y^2} \right| \leq |x^2 + y^2| + |xy| \left| \frac{2xy}{x^2 + y^2} \right|$$

$$\leq |x^2 + y^2| + |xy| \leq |x^2 + y^2| + \frac{|x^2 + y^2|}{2} = \frac{3}{2} |x^2 + y^2| < \varepsilon, \quad \text{取 } \delta = \sqrt{\frac{2\varepsilon}{3}},$$

则当 $0 < \sqrt{(x-0)^2 + (y-0)^2} < \delta$ 时总有 $\left| \frac{x^4 + y^4}{x^2 + y^2} - 0 \right| < \varepsilon$ 成立，所以 $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2 |y|^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4 + y^2} = 0$

$$(3) \text{ 令 } x=r\cos t, y=r\sin t, \text{ 则 } \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \left| \frac{xy}{x^2 + y^2} \right| = \lim_{r \rightarrow 0} \left| \frac{(r\cos t)(r\sin t)}{r^2} \right| = \lim_{r \rightarrow 0} |r \sin t \cos t| = \lim_{r \rightarrow 0} \left| \frac{r}{2} \sin 2t \right|$$

$$\leq \lim_{r \rightarrow 0} \frac{r}{2} = 0, \quad \text{显然,} \quad \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy}{x^2 + y^2} = 0$$